

SECTION 1 Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Product name : Winter Shield Diesel Treatment
Part Number : 10866

1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Fuel additives
Recommended use : Fuel additives
Restrictions on use : No additional information available

1.4. Supplier's details

Lucas Oil Products, Inc.
3199 Harrison Way NW
Corydon, IN 47112
USA
T 800-342-2512
sds@lucasoil.com - www.LucasOil.com

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : For Chemical Emergency Call ChemTel 24hr/day 7days/week. Within USA, Canada, Puerto Rico & US Virgin Islands: 1-800-255-3924. International: 1-813-248-0585 (collect calls accepted). Australia: 1-300-954-583. Brazil: 0-800-591-6042. China: 400-120-0751. India: 000-800-100-4086. Mexico: 800-099-0731.

SECTION 2 Hazard Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Flammable liquid, Category 4	H227	Combustible liquid.
Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Carcinogenicity, Category 2	H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
Aspiration hazard, Category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Acute Hazard, Category 2	H401	Toxic to aquatic life.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 2	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of H statements : see section 16		

2.2. Label elements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

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Hazard statements (GHS US)	: H227 - Combustible liquid H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H332 - Harmful if inhaled H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H401 - Toxic to aquatic life H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Precautionary statements (GHS US)	: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P261 - Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors, spray. P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, and hearing protection. P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor. P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P312 - Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting. P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. P391 - Collect spillage. P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place. P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents and/or container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulations.

2.3. Hazards associated with known or reasonably anticipated uses

No additional information available

2.4. Hazards not otherwise classified

No additional information available

2.5. Unknown acute toxicity

No additional information available

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	CAS-No.: 64742-47-8	30 - 60*	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	CAS-No.: 64742-53-6	15 - 40*	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	CAS-No.: 64742-94-5	10 - 30*	Asp. Tox. 1, H304

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Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
2-Ethylhexyl nitrate	CAS-No.: 27247-96-7	10 - 30*	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
2-Butoxyethanol	CAS-No.: 111-76-2	1 - 5*	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Naphthalene	CAS-No.: 91-20-3	1 - 5*	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	CAS-No.: 95-63-6	1 - 5*	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:gas), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
2,4-Di-tert-butylphenol	CAS-No.: 96-76-4	0.1 - 1*	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	CAS-No.: 64742-81-0	0.02 - 1*	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4 First aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures general	: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Call a physician immediately.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if necessary. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash skin with plenty of water.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do not induce vomiting/risk of damage to lungs exceeds poisoning risk. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.
Personal protection for first-aid responders.	: First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause shortness of breath, tightness of the chest, a sore throat and cough. Harmful if inhaled.
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Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Redness. Itching.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation. Blurred vision. redness, itching, tears. Eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Swallowing the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis. Ingestion may cause nausea and vomiting. Abdominal pain. Risk of lung edema.
Chronic symptoms	: Suspected of causing cancer.

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment	: Treat symptomatically.
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SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard	: In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Heating will cause a rise in pressure with a risk of bursting. Combustible liquid.
Explosion hazard	: No direct explosion hazard.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions	: Evacuate area. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage.
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For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	: Wear recommended personal protective equipment.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate spillage area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.
Environmental precautions	: Avoid release to the environment.

6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment	: Remove ignition sources. Collect spillage. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Stop leak, if possible without risk.
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Methods for cleaning up	: Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without personal risk. Place in a suitable container for disposal in accordance with the waste regulations (see Section 13). Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Use non-sparking tools. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.
Other information	: Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	: Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Wear personal protective equipment. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Hygiene measures	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.
Additional hazards when processed	: Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities

Technical measures	: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Storage conditions	: Keep only in original container. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Packaging materials	: Always store product in container of same material as original container.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
USA - ACGIH® - Threshold Limit Values	
Local name	2-Butoxyethanol (EGBE)
ACGIH® TLV® TWA	20 ppm
Remark (ACGIH®)	TLV® Basis: Eye & URT irr. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans); BEI
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025
USA - ACGIH® - Biological Exposure Indices	
Local name	2-Butoxyethanol (EGBE)
BEI	200 mg/g Kreatinin Parameter: Butoxyacetic acid (BAA) - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	2-Butoxyethanol
OSHA PEL TWA	240 mg/m³

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2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
	50 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
USA - Cal/OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	2-Butoxyethanol (EGBE) [Glycol monobutyl ether]
Cal/OSHA PEL (OEL TWA)	97 mg/m³
	20 ppm
Remark (Cal/OSHA)	S - Skin notation and Protecting Clothing
Regulatory reference	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) - Permissible Exposure Limit for Chemical Contaminants (Table AC-1)
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	2-Butoxyethanol
NIOSH REL 10h TWA	5 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-NIOSH)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1 (NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (NPG))
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
USA - ACGIH® - Threshold Limit Values	
Local name	Naphthalene
ACGIH® TLV® TWA	52 mg/m³
	10 ppm
Remark (ACGIH®)	TLV® Basis: URT irr; Cataracts; Hemolytic anemia. Notations: Skin; A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans); BEI
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025
USA - ACGIH® - Biological Exposure Indices	
Local name	Naphthalene
BEI	Parameter: 1-Naphthol + 2-Naphthol - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: Nq, Ns
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Naphthalene
OSHA PEL TWA	50 mg/m³
	10 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
USA - Cal/OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Naphthalene
Cal/OSHA PEL (OEL TWA)	0.5 mg/m³
	0.1 ppm
Remark (Cal/OSHA)	S - Skin notation and Protecting Clothing
Regulatory reference	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) - Permissible Exposure Limit for Chemical Contaminants (Table AC-1)

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Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Naphthalene
NIOSH REL 10h TWA	10 ppm
NIOSH REL STEL	15 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-NIOSH)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1 (NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (NPG))
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)	
USA - ACGIH® - Threshold Limit Values	
Local name	1,2,4-Trimethyl benzene
ACGIH® TLV® TWA	10 ppm
Remark (ACGIH®)	TLV® Basis: CNS impair; Hematologic eff
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (64742-81-0)	
USA - ACGIH® - Threshold Limit Values	
Local name	Hydrogenated kerosene, as total hydrocarbon vapor
ACGIH® TLV® TWA	200 mg/m³ (Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures)
Remark (ACGIH®)	TLV® Basis: Skin & URT irr; CNS impair. Notations: Skin; A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available). Ensure good ventilation of the work station.
Environmental exposure controls	: Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:
Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Hand protection:
Protective gloves
Eye protection:
Safety glasses
Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing
Respiratory protection:
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



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SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Color	: brown
Odor	: characteristic
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: Not applicable
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: 79.4 °C
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20°C	: No data available
Relative density	: 0.885
Density	: 7.409 lb/gal
Solubility	: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 3.31 mm ² /s @ 40 ° C
Explosion limits	: No data available
Particle characteristics	: No data available

9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

No additional information available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Combustible liquid. Can form explosive mixtures with air. Heating may cause a fire or explosion.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agent.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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SECTION 11 Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Harmful if inhaled.

Winter Shield Diesel Treatment	
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	38.748 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method)
LD50 oral	15000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5.28 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% CL: 0,42 -
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	> 5.2 mg/l Source: IUCLID
ATE US (oral)	15000 mg/kg body weight
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg Source: IUCLID
LD50 oral	3690 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: other:
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LD50 dermal	4100 mg/kg
2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	700 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	3 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.5 mg/l/4h
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 oral	533 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Mouse, Male, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rat	> 16000 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	2500 mg/kg Source: ChemIDplus
LD50 dermal	2500 mg/kg

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Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
ATE US (oral)	533 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	2500 mg/kg body weight
2,4-Di-tert-butylphenol (96-76-4)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 oral	1762 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	2200 mg/kg Source: Corporate Solution From Thomson Micromedex
LD50 dermal	5000 mg/kg
ATE US (oral)	1762 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	2200 mg/kg body weight
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)	
LD50 oral rat	6000 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to EU Method B.1, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral, 014 day(s))
LD50 oral	3280 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	3440 mg/kg (24 h, Rat, Male / female, Read-across, Dermal)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg Source: International Uniform Chemical Information Database
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 10.2 mg/l air (4 h, Rat, Male / female, Read-across, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	18 mg/l/4h
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapors)	18 mg/l Source: Corporate Solution From Thomson Micromedex
ATE US (oral)	3280 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	3440 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	18 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (64742-81-0)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5.28 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% CL: 0,42 -
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	> 5.2 mg/l Source: TOMES
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (64742-53-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 oral	5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal	2500 mg/kg
ATE US (oral)	5000 mg/kg body weight

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Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (64742-53-6)	
ATE US (dermal)	2500 mg/kg body weight
2-Ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)	
LD50 oral rat	> 9600 mg/kg (Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, (maximum achievable concentration), Oral (repeated exposure), 14 day(s))
LD50 oral	9600 mg/kg
LD50 dermal	4800 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	14 mg/l/4h
ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
pH	No data available in the literature
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
pH	No data available in the literature
2,4-Di-tert-butylphenol (96-76-4)	
pH	No data available in the literature
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)	
pH	No data available in the literature
2-Ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)	
pH	No data available in the literature
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
pH	No data available in the literature
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
pH	No data available in the literature
2,4-Di-tert-butylphenol (96-76-4)	
pH	No data available in the literature
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)	
pH	No data available in the literature
2-Ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)	
pH	No data available in the literature
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer.

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2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	≥ 3000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 415 [One-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study (before 9 October 2017)]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5)	
NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	35 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test), Guideline: other:
NOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	125 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test), Guideline: other:
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	50 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: other:
LOAEL (animal/female, F1)	450 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: other:
NOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	120 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: female, Guideline: other:
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (64742-81-0)	
NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	≥ 3000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 415 [One-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study (before 9 October 2017)]
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	750 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEL (dermal,rat/rabbit,90 days)	≥ 495 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5)	
LOAEC (inhalation,rat,vapor,90 days)	4.71 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:90-Day Study)
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,vapor,90 days)	2.355 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:90-Day Study)
2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
NOAEL (dermal,rat/rabbit,90 days)	> 150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)

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Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	400 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
LOAEC (inhalation,rat,vapor,90 days)	0.011 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OPP 82-4 (90-Day Inhalation Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study)
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	200 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEL (dermal,rat/rabbit,90 days)	1000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)
2,4-Di-tert-butylphenol (96-76-4)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	150 mg/kg bw/day
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	100 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EU Method B.7 (Repeated Dose (28 Days) Toxicity (Oral))
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	600 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,vapor,90 days)	1.8 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 452 (Chronic Toxicity Studies)
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (64742-81-0)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	750 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEL (dermal,rat/rabbit,90 days)	≥ 495 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (64742-53-6)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	125 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,dust/mist/fume,90 days)	> 0.98 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)
2-Ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)	
NOAEL (dermal,rat/rabbit,90 days)	500 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OPP 82-2 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity -21/28 Days)
Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Winter Shield Diesel Treatment	
Viscosity, kinematic	3.31 mm²/s @ 40 ° C
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5)	
Viscosity, kinematic	2.235 mm²/s
2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
Viscosity, kinematic	3.642 mm²/s (20 °C, Not relevant)
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
Viscosity, kinematic	1 mm²/s (80 °C, OECD 114: Viscosity of Liquids)

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Winter Shield Diesel Treatment	
2,4-Di-tert-butylphenol (96-76-4)	
Viscosity, kinematic	Not applicable (solid)
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)	
Viscosity, kinematic	0.843 mm²/s (20 °C)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (64742-53-6)	
Viscosity, kinematic	2 mm²/s @ 40 ° C
2-Ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)	
Viscosity, kinematic	1.3 mm²/s (20 °C)
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause shortness of breath, tightness of the chest, a sore throat and cough. Harmful if inhaled.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Redness. Itching.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation. Blurred vision. redness, itching, tears. Eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Swallowing the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis. Ingestion may cause nausea and vomiting. Abdominal pain. Risk of lung edema.
Chronic symptoms	: Suspected of causing cancer.

SECTION 12 Ecological information

12.1. Ecotoxicity

Ecology - general	: Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)	: Toxic to aquatic life.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)	: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1474 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1550 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	911 mg/l Source: ECHA
ErC50 algae	1840 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
NOEC (chronic)	100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	≥ 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oryzias latipes Duration: '14 d'
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	0.96 ppm (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha, Flow-through system, Salt water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	2.16 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 202, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	0.4 mg/l (Skeletonema costatum, Literature study, Growth rate)
NOEC (chronic)	0.59 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia pulex Duration: '125 d'
NOEC chronic fish	0.12 mg/l

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Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
NOEC chronic crustacea	3 mg/l
2,4-Di-tert-butylphenol (96-76-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1.4 mg/l (96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	0.5 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	0.37 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, Desmodesmus subspicatus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Measured concentration)
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	0.13 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
ErC50 algae	0.37 mg/l
LOEC (chronic)	0.34 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic algae	0.18 mg/l
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	7.72 mg/l (96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	6.14 mg/l Source: International Uniform Chemical Information Database
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	2.356 mg/l (ECOSAR, Algae, Fresh water, QSAR)
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (64742-81-0)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	45 mg/l Source: OECD TG 203
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (64742-53-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 5000 mg/l Source: IUCLID
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 1000 mg/l Source: IUCLID
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	> 1000 mg/l Source: IUCLID
2-Ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Danio rerio, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 12.6 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	1.111 mg/l Source: ECOSAR
ErC50 algae	3.22 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Winter Shield Diesel Treatment	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability in water: no data available.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

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Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.
2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in the soil, Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	0.22 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	2.99 g O ₂ /g substance
2,4-Di-tert-butylphenol (96-76-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.
ThOD	2.95 g O ₂ /g substance
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	0.44 g O ₂ /g substance
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (64742-81-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (64742-53-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
2-Ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Winter Shield Diesel Treatment	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available concerning bioaccumulation.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.3 – 6 Source: IUCLID
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.9 – 6.1
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumable.
2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.81 (Experimental value, BASF test, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
BCF - Fish [1]	23 – 168 (OECD 305: Bioconcentration: Flow-Through Fish Test, 8 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.4 (Experimental value, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C)

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Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
2,4-Di-tert-butylphenol (96-76-4)	
BCF - Fish [1]	128 – 436 (OECD 305: Bioconcentration: Flow-Through Fish Test, 8 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1]	740 (BCFBAF v3.00, Weight of evidence, QSAR)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	4.8 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 23 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)	
BCF - Fish [1]	243 (Pimephales promelas, QSAR)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.63 (Experimental value, KOWWIN)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (64742-53-6)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.9 – 6 Source: IUCLID
2-Ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)	
BCF - Fish [1]	1332 l/kg (OECD 305: Bioconcentration: Flow-Through Fish Test, Pisces, QSAR)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	5.24 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 40 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	High potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow > 5).
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Winter Shield Diesel Treatment	
Ecology - soil	No additional information available.
2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
Surface tension	65.03 mN/m (20 °C, 2 g/l)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.5 – 0.9 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
Surface tension	No data available in the literature
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.864 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.
2,4-Di-tert-butylphenol (96-76-4)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	3.40993312 – 3.84260924
Ecology - soil	Low potential for mobility in soil.

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Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)	
Surface tension	No data available in the literature
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	3.04 (log Koc, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for mobility in soil. May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.
2-Ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)	
Surface tension	No data available in the literature
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	3.75 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for mobility in soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

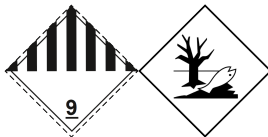
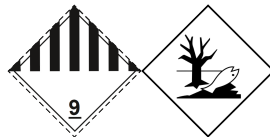
Ozone	: Not classified
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	: No

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Regional waste regulation	: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Waste treatment methods	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Sewage disposal recommendations	: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Additional information	: Do not re-use empty containers.
Ecological waste information	: The waste of the product should be considered as hazardous as the product itself, with the likelihood of impacting the environment in the same way. Consider the handling and disposal of the waste as defined by the product itself.

SECTION 14 Transport information

In accordance with DOT / TDG / IMDG / IATA

DOT	TDG	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number			
NA1993	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
14.2. Proper Shipping Name			
Combustible liquid, n.o.s (2-Ethylhexyl nitrate)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-Ethylhexyl nitrate)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-Ethylhexyl nitrate)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (2-Ethylhexyl nitrate)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)			
Combustible liquid	9	9	9
			
14.4. Packing group			
III	III	III	III

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DOT	TDG	IMDG	IATA
14.5. Environmental hazards			
Dangerous for the environment: Yes	Dangerous for the environment: Yes	Dangerous for the environment: Yes Marine pollutant: Yes	Dangerous for the environment: Yes
No supplementary information available			

14.6. Transport in bulk

Not applicable

14.7. Special precautions for user

DOT	
UN-No. (DOT)	: NA1993
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: 148 - Except for transportation by aircraft, when transported as a limited quantity or a consumer commodity, the maximum net capacity specified in §173.150(b)(2) of this subchapter for inner packaging may be increased to 5 L (1.3 gallons). IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672). T1 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(2) TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = $97 / 1 + a (tr - tf)$ Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 203
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 241
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 60 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 220 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: A - The material may be stowed “on deck” or “under deck” on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
TDG	
UN-No. (TDG)	: UN3082

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TDG Special Provisions	: 16 - (1) The technical name of at least one of the most dangerous substances that predominantly contributes to the danger or dangers posed by the dangerous goods must be shown, in parentheses, on the shipping document following the shipping name in accordance with clause 3.5(1)(c)(ii)(A). The technical name must also be shown, in parentheses, on a small means of containment or on a tag following the shipping name in accordance with subsections 4.11(2) and (3). (2) Despite subsection (1), the technical name for the following dangerous goods is not required to be shown on a shipping document or on a small means of containment when Canadian law for domestic transport or an international convention for international transport prohibits the disclosure of the technical name: (a) UN1544, ALKALOID SALTS, SOLID, N.O.S. or ALKALOIDS, SOLID, N.O.S; (b) UN1851, MEDICINE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S; (c) UN3140, ALKALOID SALTS, LIQUID, N.O.S. or ALKALOIDS, LIQUID, N.O.S; (d) UN3248, MEDICINE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S; or (e) UN3249, MEDICINE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (3) Despite subsection (1), the technical name for the following dangerous goods is not required to be shown on a small means of containment: (a) UN2814, INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING HUMANS; or (b) UN2900, INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING ANIMALS,99 - (1) Mixtures of solids that are not dangerous goods and liquids or solids that are UN3077, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S, or UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S, may be offered for transport, handled or transported as UN3077 if there is no visible liquid when the dangerous goods are loaded into a means of containment and during transport. (2) These Regulations, except for Parts 1 and 2, do not apply to the offering for transport, handling or transport of less than 450 kg of UN3077, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S, or less than 450 L of UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S, on a road vehicle or a railway vehicle. The dangerous goods must be contained in one or more small means of containment designed, constructed, filled, closed, secured and maintained so that under normal conditions of transport, including handling, there will be no release of the dangerous goods that could endanger public safety.
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	: 5 L
Excepted quantities (TDG)	: E1
IMDG	
Special provision (IMDG)	: 274, 335, 375, 969
Limited quantities (IMDG)	: 5 L
Excepted quantities (IMDG)	: E1
Packing instructions (IMDG)	: LP01, P001
Packing provisions (IMDG)	: PP1
IBC packing instructions (IMDG)	: IBC03
Tank instructions (IMDG)	: T4
Tank special provisions (IMDG)	: TP1, TP29
EmS-No. (Fire)	: F-A - FIRE SCHEDULE Alfa - GENERAL FIRE SCHEDULE
EmS-No. (Spillage)	: S-F - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Foxtrot - WATER-SOLUBLE MARINE POLLUTANTS
Stowage category (IMDG)	: A
IATA	
Special provision (IATA)	: A97, A158, A197, A215
PCA Excepted quantities (IATA)	: E1
PCA Limited quantities (IATA)	: Y964
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA)	: 30kgG
PCA packing instructions (IATA)	: 964
PCA max net quantity (IATA)	: 450L
CAO packing instructions (IATA)	: 964
CAO max net quantity (IATA)	: 450L
ERG code (IATA)	: 9L

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SECTION 15 Regulatory information

15.1. Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Naphthalene	CAS-No. 91-20-3	1 - 5*%
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	CAS-No. 95-63-6	1 - 5*%

Naphthalene (91-20-3)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

Listed on EPA HAPs Chronic Dose Response Assessment List - Carcinogens

Listed on EPA HAPs Acute Dose Response Assessment List – Exposure limits

CERCLA RQ	100 lb
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15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Naphthalene (91-20-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

2,4-Di-tert-butylphenol (96-76-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (64742-81-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (64742-53-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

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2-Ethylhexyl nitrate (27247-96-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (64742-94-5)
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Naphthalene (91-20-3)
Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program) Listed on EPA HAPs Chronic Dose Response Assessment List - Carcinogens Listed on EPA HAPs Acute Dose Response Assessment List – Exposure limits Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. State regulations

**WARNING:**

This product can expose you to Naphthalene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16 Other information

according to 29 CFR § 1910.1200, Hazard Communication Standard (HCS 2024)

Revision date	: 6/2/2026
Issue date	: 4/18/2025
Data sources	: Supplier's safety documents.
Training advice	: Training staff on good practice.

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H227	Combustible liquid
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage

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Full text of hazard classes and H-statements	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.