

**SECTION 1 Identification****1.1. Product identifier**

Product form : Mixture  
Product name : Complete Engine Treatment  
Part Number : 10016

**1.2. Other means of identification**

No additional information available

**1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

Use of the substance/mixture : Fuel additives  
Recommended use : Automotive products  
Restrictions on use : No additional information available

**1.4. Supplier's details**

Lucas Oil Products, Inc.  
3199 Harrison Way NW  
Corydon, IN 47112  
USA  
T 800-342-2512  
[sds@lucasoil.com](mailto:sds@lucasoil.com) - [www.LucasOil.com](http://www.LucasOil.com)

**1.5. Emergency phone number**

Emergency number : For Chemical Emergency Call ChemTel 24hr/day 7days/week. Within USA, Canada, Puerto Rico & US Virgin Islands: 1-800-255-3924. International: 1-813-248-0585 (collect calls accepted). Australia: 1-300-954-583. Brazil: 0-800-591-6042. China: 400-120-0751. India: 000-800-100-4086. Mexico: 800-099-0731.

**SECTION 2 Hazard Identification****2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture****GHS US classification**

Flammable liquid, Category 4	H227	Combustible liquid.
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin sensitization, Category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B	H340	May cause genetic defects.
Carcinogenicity, Category 1B	H350	May cause cancer.
Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B	H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 1	H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard, Category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Full text of H statements : see section 16

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### 2.2. Label elements

#### GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)



Signal word (GHS US)

: Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US)

: H227 - Combustible liquid  
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
H315 - Causes skin irritation  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation  
H340 - May cause genetic defects.  
H350 - May cause cancer.  
H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child  
H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS US)

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P260 - Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors, spray.  
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, and hearing protection.  
P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a POISON CENTER, a doctor.  
P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of or shower.  
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
P314 - Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.  
P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label).  
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.  
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice, Get medical attention.  
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry extinguishing powder to extinguish.  
P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.  
P405 - Store locked up.  
P501 - Dispose of contents and container to a hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

### 2.3. Hazards associated with known or reasonably anticipated uses

No additional information available

### 2.4. Hazards not otherwise classified

No additional information available

### 2.5. Unknown acute toxicity

No additional information available

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### SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	CAS-No.: 64742-47-8	30 - 60*	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	CAS-No.: 64742-55-8	30 - 60*	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Ethylene oxide	CAS-No.: 75-21-8	1 - 5*	Press. Gas (Liq.), H280 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas), H331 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 3, H402 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Furan	CAS-No.: 110-00-9	1 - 5*	Flam. Liq. 1, H224 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:gas), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 3, H402 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

\*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

### SECTION 4 First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures general	: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Call a physician immediately.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if necessary. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

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First-aid measures after eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.
Personal protection for first-aid responders.	: First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause shortness of breath, tightness of the chest, a sore throat and cough.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Redness. Itching. Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation. Blurred vision. redness, itching, tears. Eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Swallowing the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis. Ingestion may cause nausea and vomiting. Abdominal pain. Risk of lung edema.
Chronic symptoms	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

### 4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment	: Treat symptomatically.
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## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.

### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard	: In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Heating will cause a rise in pressure with a risk of bursting. Combustible liquid.
Explosion hazard	: No direct explosion hazard.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	: Toxic fumes may be released. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions	: Evacuate area. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

## SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage.
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#### For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	: Wear recommended personal protective equipment.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate spillage area. Avoid breathing vapors. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

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### For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
- Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.
- Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

### 6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Absorb spilled material with sand or earth. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Stop leak, if possible without risk.
- Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.
- Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

For further information refer to section 13.

## SECTION 7 Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Wear personal protective equipment. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Limit quantities of product at the minimum necessary for handling and limit the number of exposed workers. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- Additional hazards when processed : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities

- Technical measures : Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place away from heat.
- Storage conditions : Keep only in original container. Keep container tightly closed. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
- Packaging materials : Always store product in container of same material as original container.

## SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)	
USA - ACGIH® - Threshold Limit Values	
Local name	Ethylene oxide
ACGIH® TLV® TWA	1.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	1 ppm
Remark (ACGIH®)	TLV® Basis: Cancer; CNS impair. Notations: Skin; A2 (Suspected Human Carcinogen); BEI
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025

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Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)	
<b>USA - ACGIH® - Biological Exposure Indices</b>	
Local name	Ethylene oxide
BEI	5000 pmol/g Globin Parameter: N-(2-hydroxyethyl)valine (HEV) - Medium: hemoglobin adducts - Sampling time: Not critical - Notations: Ns 5 µg/g Kreatinin Parameter: S-(2-hydroxyethyl)mercapturic acid (HEMA) - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: Pop, Ns
Remark	The value of HEV hemoglobin adducts applies to workers having representative Ethylene oxide exposure during the previous 120 days
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025
<b>USA - Cal/OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Ethylene oxide
Cal/OSHA PEL (OEL TWA)	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1 ppm
Cal/OSHA STEL	5 ppm
Regulatory reference	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) - Permissible Exposure Limit for Chemical Contaminants (Table AC-1)
<b>USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Ethylene oxide
NIOSH REL 10h TWA	0.1 ppm
NIOSH REL C	5 ppm [10-min/day]
Remark (NIOSH)	Ca = Potential occupational carcinogens
Regulatory reference (US-NIOSH)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1 (NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (NPG))

### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available). Ensure good ventilation of the work station.
Environmental exposure controls	: Avoid release to the environment.

### 8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

<b>Hand protection:</b>
Protective gloves
<b>Eye protection:</b>
Safety glasses
<b>Skin and body protection:</b>
Wear suitable protective clothing
<b>Respiratory protection:</b>
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

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### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



## SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Color	: Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following color(s): Colourless to yellow Pure substance: colourless Unpurified: light yellow Colourless Pure substance: white Unpurified: yellow to brown On exposure to air: turns brown
Odor	: There may be no odor warning properties, odor is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure. Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following odor: Aromatic odour Solvent-like odour Characteristic odour Mild odour Pleasant odour Alcohol odour Commercial/unpurified substance: irritating/pungent odour Tar odour Petroleum-like odour Sweet odour Ether-like odour Ether smell Irritating/pungent odour
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: Not applicable
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: 160 °F
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20°C	: No data available
Relative density	: 0.835
Density	: 6.972 lb/gal
Solubility	: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 8.75 mm <sup>2</sup> /s @ 40 ° C
Explosion limits	: No data available
Particle characteristics	: No data available

### 9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

No additional information available

## SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Can form explosive mixtures with air. Heating may cause a fire or explosion.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions of use.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

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### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agent.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11 Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified  
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified  
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

#### Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)

LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method)
LD50 oral	15000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5.28 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% CL: 0,42 -
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	> 5.2 mg/l Source: IUCLID
ATE US (oral)	15000 mg/kg body weight

#### Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)

LD50 oral rat	330 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral)
LD50 oral	270 mg/kg body weight Animal: guinea pig, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity), 95% CL: 190 - 380
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	2.77 – 3.55 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	800 ppm
ATE US (oral)	270 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	800 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	2.77 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	2.77 mg/l/4h

#### Furan (110-00-9)

LD50 oral rat	200 – 2000 mg/kg (Rat, Literature study, Oral)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	9.6 mg/l (1 h, Rat, Male / female, Inconclusive, insufficient data, Inhalation (vapours))
ATE US (oral)	1100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h

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<b>Furan (110-00-9)</b>	
ATE US (vapors)	9.6 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
<b>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (64742-55-8)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg Source: IUCLID
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
<b>Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)</b>	
pH	No data available in the literature
<b>Furan (110-00-9)</b>	
pH	No data available in the literature
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)</b>	
pH	No data available in the literature
<b>Furan (110-00-9)</b>	
pH	No data available in the literature
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: May cause genetic defects.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer.
<b>Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)</b>	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens
<b>Furan (110-00-9)</b>	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.
<b>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)</b>	
NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	≥ 3000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 415 [One-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study (before 9 October 2017)]
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified
<b>Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)</b>	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT-repeated exposure	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<b>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)</b>	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	750 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEL (dermal,rat/rabbit,90 days)	≥ 495 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)
<b>Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)</b>	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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Furan (110-00-9)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	4 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (64742-55-8)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days)	> 0.98 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)

Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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Viscosity, kinematic	8.75 mm <sup>2</sup> /s @ 40 ° C
Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)	
Viscosity, kinematic	Not applicable (gas)
Furan (110-00-9)	
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available in the literature

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause shortness of breath, tightness of the chest, a sore throat and cough.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Redness. Itching. Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Blurred vision. redness, itching, tears. Eye irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Swallowing the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis. Ingestion may cause nausea and vomiting. Abdominal pain. Risk of lung edema.

Chronic symptoms : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

## SECTION 12 Ecological information

### 12.1. Ecotoxicity

Ecology - general : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute) : Not classified

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic) : Not classified

Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	84 mg/l (EPA 660/3 - 75/009, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	240 mg/l Test organisms (species): Raphidocelis subcapitata (previous names: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
ErC50 algae	240 mg/l (EPA 660/3 - 75/009, 96 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)

Furan (110-00-9)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	61 mg/l (EPA method, Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	100 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Literature study, GLP)

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Furan (110-00-9)	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 58 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Literature study, GLP)
ErC50 algae	58 mg/l
NOEC chronic fish	36.3 mg/l
NOEC chronic algae	4.4 mg/l

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (64742-55-8)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 5000 mg/l Source: IUCLID
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 1000 mg/l Source: IUCLID

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Complete Engine Treatment	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.06 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.74 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	2.02 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance

Furan (110-00-9)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.
ThOD	2.1 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (64742-55-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.3 – 6 Source: IUCLID

Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.3 (Experimental value, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

Furan (110-00-9)	
BCF - Fish [1]	0.9 – 13 (OECD 305: Bioconcentration: Flow-Through Fish Test, 6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Experimental value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.34 (Experimental value, 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

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### Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (64742-55-8)

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.9 – 6 Source: IUCLID
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### 12.4. Mobility in soil

#### Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)

Surface tension	No data available in the literature
Ecology - soil	Not applicable (gas).

#### Furan (110-00-9)

Surface tension	No data available in the literature
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.903 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified  
Fluorinated greenhouse gases : No

## SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Regional waste regulation : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.  
Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.  
Sewage disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.  
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.  
Additional information : Do not re-use empty containers.  
Ecological waste information : The waste of the product should be considered as hazardous as the product itself, with the likelihood of impacting the environment in the same way. Consider the handling and disposal of the waste as defined by the product itself.

## SECTION 14 Transport information

In accordance with DOT / TDG / IMDG / IATA

DOT	TDG	IMDG	IATA
<b>14.1. UN number</b>			
NA1993	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
<b>14.2. Proper Shipping Name</b>			
Combustible liquid, n.o.s.(Petroleum Distillates) (Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light)	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</b>			
Combustible liquid	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
<b>14.4. Packing group</b>			
III	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
<b>14.5. Environmental hazards</b>			
Dangerous for the environment: No	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated

# Complete Engine Treatment

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DOT	TDG	IMDG	IATA
No supplementary information available			

### 14.6. Transport in bulk

Not applicable

### 14.7. Special precautions for user

#### DOT

UN-No. (DOT)	: NA1993
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: 148 - Except for transportation by aircraft, when transported as a limited quantity or a consumer commodity, the maximum net capacity specified in §173.150(b)(2) of this subchapter for inner packaging may be increased to 5 L (1.3 gallons). IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672). T1 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(2) TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = $97 / 1 + a (tr - tf)$ Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 203
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 241
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 60 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 220 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

#### TDG

Not regulated

#### IMDG

Not regulated

#### IATA

Not regulated

## SECTION 15 Regulatory information

### 15.1. Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Ethylene oxide	CAS-No. 75-21-8	1 - 5*%
Furan	CAS-No. 110-00-9	1 - 5*%

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<b>Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)</b>	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS) Listed on EPA HAPs Chronic Dose Response Assessment List - Carcinogens Listed on EPA HAPs Acute Dose Response Assessment List – Exposure limits	
CERCLA RQ	10 lb
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	10 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	1000 lb

<b>Furan (110-00-9)</b>	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	100 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500 lb

### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

<b>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)</b>
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

<b>Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)</b>
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

<b>Furan (110-00-9)</b>
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

<b>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (64742-55-8)</b>
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### EU-Regulations

No additional information available

#### National regulations

<b>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)</b>
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

<b>Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)</b>
Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program) Listed on EPA HAPs Chronic Dose Response Assessment List - Carcinogens Listed on EPA HAPs Acute Dose Response Assessment List – Exposure limits Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

# Complete Engine Treatment

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### Furan (110-00-9)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)  
Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)  
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

### 15.3. State regulations



#### WARNING:

This product can expose you to chemicals including Benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

## SECTION 16 Other information

according to 29 CFR § 1910.1200, Hazard Communication Standard (HCS 2024)

Revision date : 5/8/2026  
Issue date : 8/4/2025  
Data sources : Supplier's safety documents.  
Training advice : Training staff on good practice.

### Full text of hazard classes and H-statements

H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapor
H227	Combustible liquid
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

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## Safety Data Sheet

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Abbreviations and acronyms	
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BLV	Biological limit value
BOD	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)
CAS-No.	Chemical Abstracts Service number
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
COD	Chemical oxygen demand (COD)
CSA	Chemical safety assessment
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC-No.	European Community number
EC50	Median effective concentration
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EN	European Standard
EWC	European waste catalogue
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Median lethal concentration
LD50	Median lethal dose
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
Log Kow	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)
Log Pow	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)
MAK	maximum workplace concentration
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
N.O.S.	Not Otherwise Specified
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
OSHA	Occupational Safety & Health Administration
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration

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## Safety Data Sheet

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Abbreviations and acronyms	
PPE	Personal protection equipment
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
TF	Technical function
ThOD	Theoretical oxygen demand (ThOD)
TLM	Median Tolerance Limit
TWA	Time Weighted Average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
UFI	Unique Formula Identifier

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.