



LUCAS OIL PRODUCTS INC.

Safety Data Sheet

LUCAS FUEL STABILIZER

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Product name LUCAS FUEL STABILIZER

Product number 10302, 10303, 10314, 10324, 10326, 20302, 20303, 20314, 30314, 40314

1.2 Other means of identification

Not Available

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Fuel Additive

1.4 Supplier's details

Name Lucas Oil Products Inc.
Address 302 North Sheridan Street
Corona California 92878-4067
USA

Telephone (951) 270-0154
Fax (951) 270-1902
email www.LucasOil.com

1.5 Emergency phone number(s)

ChemTel
1-800-255-3924 (USA, Canada, Puerto Rico, US V.I.)
+1-813-248-0585 (International)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification in accordance with: OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Cat. 3
- Flammable liquids, Cat. 4
- Aspiration hazard, Cat. 1
- Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), Cat. 1

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

| | |
|------|---|
| H227 | Combustible liquid |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness |
| H372 | Causes damage to respiratory system through prolonged or repeated exposure inhalation |

Precautionary statement(s)

| | |
|-----------|---|
| P210 | Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. |
| P260 | Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. |
| P261 | Avoid breathing fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. |
| P264 | Wash hands thoroughly after handling. |
| P270 | Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. |
| P271 | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection. |
| P301+P310 | IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor |
| P304+P340 | IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. |
| P312 | Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. |
| P314 | Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. |
| P331 | Do NOT induce vomiting. |
| P370+P378 | In case of fire: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish. |
| P403+P233 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| P405 | Store locked up. |
| P501 | Dispose of contents/container to a licensed disposal company. |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous components

| Component | Concentration |
|---|--------------------|
| Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light (CAS no.: 64742-47-8; EC no.: 265-149-8) | 15 - 40 % (weight) |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph (CAS no.: 64742-88-7; EC no.: 265-191-7; Index no.: 649-405-00-X) | < 21 % (weight) |
| Alkyl phenol (CAS no.; Proprietary) | < 6 % (weight) |

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| General advice | Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. |
| If inhaled | If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician. |
| In case of skin contact | Wash with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a poison center or doctor if irritation develops or persists. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Causes skin irritation. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching. |
| In case of eye contact | Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May cause eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision. |
| If swallowed | Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. |

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects:

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Eye contact: | May cause eye irritation |
| Inhalation: | Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact: | May cause skin irritation. |
| Ingestion: | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach |

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

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Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazards

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

SMALL SPILLS: Contain and absorb with absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal. Wash site of spillage thoroughly with water.

LARGE SPILLS: Dike far ahead of spill to prevent further movement. Recover by pumping or by using a suitable absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal. Dispose in suitable waste container.

Reference to other sections

Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Use explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Eliminate all ignition sources.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

CAS: (Proprietary)

Alkyl phenol
ACGIH: 2 mg/m³ TWA

CAS: 27178-16-1

Hexanedioic acid, 1,6-diisodecyl ester
ExxonMobil: 5 mg/m³ TWA

CAS: 64742-47-8 (EC: 265-149-8)

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light
ACGIH: 200 mg/m³ TLV® inhalation

CAS: 64742-54-7 (EC: 265-157-1)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic
ACGIH: 10 mg/m³ STEL inhalation
5 mg/m³ TWA inhalation
NIOSH: 10 mg/m³ STEL inhalation
5 mg/m³ TWA inhalation

CAS: 91-20-3

Naphthalene
Cal/OSHA: 10 ppm, (ST) 15 ppm PEL inhalation;
NIOSH: 10 ppm, (ST) 15 ppm REL inhalation;
OSHA: 10 ppm PEL inhalation; 50 mg/m³ PEL inhalation

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, gas, etc.) below recommended exposure limits.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses. If splash hazard, wear faceshield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection that meets the standards referenced by OSHA regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 for Personal Protective Equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and/or safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Body protection

Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator

Thermal hazards

No data available

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Appearance/form (physical state, color, etc.) | Liquid, Clear Blue |
| Odor | Mild hydrocarbon |
| Odor threshold | Not available |
| pH | Not applicable |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | >192 C |
| Flash point | 75.56 C PMCC |
| Evaporation rate | Not determined |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available |
| Upper/lower flammability limits | Not available |
| Vapor pressure | Not determined |
| Vapor density | Not determined |
| Relative density | 0.833 g/cm ³ at 15.56 C |
| Solubility(ies) | Insoluble in water |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | Not determined |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not determined |
| Decomposition temperature | Not determined |
| Viscosity | approximately 5 cSt @40 deg C |
| Explosive properties | Not available |
| Oxidizing properties | Not available |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal use conditions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases, Strong acids, Amines

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Alkyl phenol

LD50 Oral - Rat - 6000 mg/kg

Alkyl phenol

LD50 Skin - Rabbit - >2000 mg/kg

Alkyl phenol

NOAEL Oral - Rat - 25 mg/kg/bw/day - 90 days

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light

LD50 Oral - Rat - > 5000 mg/kg

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light

LD50 Skin - Rabbit - > 5,000 mg/kg

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light

LC0 Inhalation - Rat - 4951 mg/m³ - 4 h

Result: Based on results obtained from tests on analogous products

Serious eye damage/irritation

May cause Eye Irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT-repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

No data available on product

Persistence and degradability

This product is not expected to be readily biodegradable.

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Bioaccumulative potential

No data available on product

Mobility in soil

No data available on product.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal of the product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers

Disposal of contaminated packaging

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers

Waste treatment

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Sewage disposal

Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)

UN Number: NA1993

Class: Combustible Liquid

Packing Group: III

Proper Shipping Name: COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)

:

Note: Not regulated by DOT in containers with a capacity of 119 gallons or less.

IMDG

Not Regulated

IATA

Not Regulated

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Diisodecyl adipate CAS No. 27178-16-1

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Diisodecyl adipate CAS No. 27178-16-1

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light
CAS-No. 64742-47-8

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light
CAS-No. 64742-47-8

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light
CAS-No. 64742-47-8

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Naphthalene
CAS number: 91-20-3

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Common name: NAPHTHALENE
CAS number: 91-20-3

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Naphthalene
CAS number: 91-20-3

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

Chemical name: Naphthalene
CAS: 91-20-3

SARA 313 Components

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:
Naphthalene
CAS-No. 91-20-3

California Prop. 65 components

Chemical name: NAPHTHALENE
CAS number: 91-20-3
04/19/2002 - Cancer

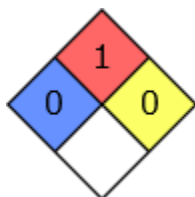
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HMIS Rating

| LUCAS FUEL STABILIZER | |
|-----------------------|---|
| HEALTH | 0 |
| FLAMMABILITY | 1 |
| PHYSICAL HAZARD | 0 |
| PERSONAL PROTECTION | |

NFPA Rating



SECTION 16: Other information

16.1 Further information/disclaimer

DISCLAIMER: The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigation to determine the suitability of information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Lucas Oil Inc. be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, whatsoever arising, even if Lucas Oil Inc. has been advised of the possibility of such damages.