TIRE INFLATOR (SEALS & INFLATES) 16 OZ.

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Issue date: 11/07/2023 Revision date: 08/01/2023 Version: 1.2

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : TIRE INFLATOR (SEALS & INFLATES) : 16 OZ.

Product code 11180

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Flat Fix

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Lucas Oil Products, Inc.
3199 Harrison Way NW
Corydon, IN, 47112
USA
T 800-342-2512 www.lucasoil.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 2165662917

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Gases under pressure Compressed gas H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :

Signal word (GHS US) : Warning

Hazard statements (GHS US) : H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : P264 - Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling
P280 - Wear protective gloves,protective clothing,eye protection,face protection
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P410+P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. None under normal conditions.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Water	(CAS-No.) 7732-18-5	40-65	Not classified
Polymer Latex	(CAS-No.) Proprietary	10 – 30	Eye Irrit. 2B, H320
1234ZE - Solstice Propellant	(CAS-No.) 29118-24-9	10 – 30	Press. Gas (Liq.), H280
R152 (1,1-difluoroethane)	(CAS-No.) 75-37-6	10 – 30	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280
Ethanol	(CAS-No.) 64-17-5	1 – 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
2-Propanol	(CAS-No.) 67-63-0	1 – 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
2-Aminoethanol	(CAS-No.) 141-43-5	≤ 0.691	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Skin Corr. 1, H314
Ammonium Hydroxide, Aqueous Solution, Conc=25%	(CAS-No.) 1336-21-6	< 1	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Aquatic Acute 1, H400

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation : Allow affected person to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects : If you feel unwell, seek medical advice. Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Frostbites. Itching. May cause slight irritation . Red skin. Skin rash/inflammation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Irritation of the eye tissue. Redness of the eye tissue.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Other information : NFPA Aerosol Level 1.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gloves. Safety glasses.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Dam up the liquid spill. Contain released product, collect/pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply.

Methods for cleaning up : Store away from other materials.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed	:	Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Precautions for safe handling	:	Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor.
Hygiene measures	:	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Always wash hands after handling the product. Remove contaminated clothes.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures	:	Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Comply with applicable regulations.
Storage conditions	:	Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Keep container closed when not in use.
Incompatible products	:	Strong bases. Strong acids.
Incompatible materials	:	Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.
Storage area	:	Store in a well-ventilated place.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Follow Label Directions.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

LUCAS TIRE INFLATOR (SEALS & INFLATES) 16 OZ.	
No additional information available	

Water (7732-18-5)	
No additional information available	

2-Aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	3 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	6 ppm

Ammonium Hydroxide, Aqueous Solution, Conc=25% (1336-21-6)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	24 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	35 ppm
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	50 ppm

2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	980 mg/m³
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	400 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL	1225 mg/m³
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	500 ppm
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	980 mg/m³
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	400 ppm
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NIOSH REL (TWA)	980 mg/m³
NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	400 ppm
NIOSH REL (Ceiling)	1225 mg/m³
NIOSH REL C [ppm]	500 ppm

Polymer Latex (Proprietary)
No additional information available

Ethanol (64-17-5)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	1000 ppm

1234ZE - Solstice Propellant (29118-24-9)
No additional information available

R152 (1,1-difluoroethane) (75-37-6)
No additional information available

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Local exhaust venilation, vent hoods . Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Gloves. Safety glasses. Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Materials for protective clothing:

Excellent resistance:

Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves

Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

Wear appropriate mask

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):

Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Gas
Appearance	:	Liquid.
Color	:	White.
Odor	:	Mild ammonia.
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	9 – 10
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	:	No data available
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	No data available
Flash point	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Flammability	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	0.99 – 1
Solubility	:	Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	:	No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	Heating may cause an explosion.

Oxidizing properties : No data available

Explosion limits : No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 5.1 %

Gas group : Compressed gas

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Not established.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Toxic fume. . Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified

Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified

Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

2-Aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
LD50 oral rat	1089 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	1018 mg/kg (24 h, Rabbit, Inconclusive, insufficient data, Dermal)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 1.3 mg/l air (6 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, (maximum achievable concentration), Inhalation (vapours))
ATE US (oral)	1089 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1018 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h

2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
LD50 oral rat	5840 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	16400 ml/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 h, Rabbit, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	> 10000 ppm (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 6 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	5840 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	12890400 mg/kg body weight

Ethanol (64-17-5)	
LD50 oral rat	10470 mg/kg body weight (OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 15800 mg/kg body weight (Rabbit, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	125 mg/l/4h (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	10470 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	125 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	125 mg/l/4h

1234ZE - Solstice Propellant (29118-24-9)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 965 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Read-across, Inhalation (gases))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	> 359300 ppm (4 h, Rat, Read-across, Inhalation)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: 9 – 10

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.
pH: 9 – 10

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

STOT-single exposure : Not classified

2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/effects : If you feel unwell, seek medical advice. Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Frostbites. Itching. May cause slight irritation . Red skin. Skin rash/inflammation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Irritation of the eye tissue. Redness of the eye tissue.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

2-Aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	349 mg/l (EU Method C.1, 96 h, Cyprinus carpio, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	27 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
ErC50 algae	2.8 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)

2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	9640 – 10000 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)

Polymer Latex (Proprietary)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 1000 mg/l Toxicity to fish sludge (96 hours) (Carp)

Ethanol (64-17-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	15300 mg/l (US EPA, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)

1234ZE - Solstice Propellant (29118-24-9)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 117 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Cyprinus carpio, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Similar product)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 160 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Similar product)
ErC50 algae	> 170 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Similar product)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

LUCAS TIRE INFLATOR (SEALS & INFLATES) 16 OZ.	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

Water (7732-18-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

2-Aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Not established.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.8 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.34 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	2.49 g O_2/g substance

Ammonium Hydroxide, Aqueous Solution, Conc=25% (1336-21-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. No (test)data on mobility of the components available. Ozonation in the air. Not established.

2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Readily biodegradable in water. Not established.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.19 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.23 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	2.4 g O_2/g substance

Polymer Latex (Proprietary)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

Ethanol (64-17-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Highly mobile in soil. Not established.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.8 – 0.967 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.7 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	2.1 g O_2/g substance

1234ZE - Solstice Propellant (29118-24-9)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.

R152 (1,1-difluoroethane) (75-37-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

LUCAS TIRE INFLATOR (SEALS & INFLATES) 16 OZ.	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Water (7732-18-5)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

2-Aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-2.3 (Experimental value, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable. Not established.

Ammonium Hydroxide, Aqueous Solution, Conc=25% (1336-21-6)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative. Not established.

2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.05 (Weight of evidence approach, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Not established.

Polymer Latex (Proprietary)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Ethanol (64-17-5)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.35 (Experimental value, Equivalent or similar to OECD 107, 24 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Not established.

1234ZE - Solstice Propellant (29118-24-9)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.6 (Similar product, Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

R152 (1,1-difluoroethane) (75-37-6)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.13
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	No Data Available
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

12.4. Mobility in soil

2-Aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
Surface tension	No data available in the literature
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.16 (log Koc, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

Ammonium Hydroxide, Aqueous Solution, Conc=25% (1336-21-6)	
Surface tension	No data available in the literature
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the component(s) available.

2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
Surface tension	No data available (test not performed)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.185 – 0.541 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

Ethanol (64-17-5)	
Surface tension	22.31 mN/m (20 °C, 100 %)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.2 (log Koc, Experimental value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

1234ZE - Solstice Propellant (29118-24-9)	
Ecology - soil	Not applicable (gas).

R152 (1,1-difluoroethane) (75-37-6)	
Mobility in soil	No data available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on global warming : No known effects from this product.

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

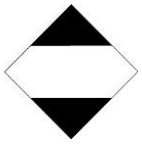
US DOT (ground) (DOT) : UN1950 Aerosols, Non-flammable (Non-flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)), 2.2, Limited Quantity

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1950

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Aerosols, Non-flammable
Non-flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

Class (DOT) : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT) : LTD QTY - Limited quantity



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 306

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 75 kg

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 150 kg

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed ‘‘on deck’’ or ‘‘under deck’’ on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 48 - Stow ‘‘away from’’ sources of heat,87 - Stow ‘‘separated from’’ Class 1 (explosives) except Division 14,126 - Segregation same as for Class 9, miscellaneous hazardous materials

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1950

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : Aerosols, Non-flammable

Class (IMDG) : 2.2 - Non-flammable, non-toxic gases

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA)	:	1950
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	:	Aerosols, Non-flammable
Class (IATA)	:	2.2 - Gases : Non-flammable, non-toxic
Hazard labels (IATA)	:	LTD QTY - Limited Quantity

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

LUCAS TIRE INFLATOR (SEALS & INFLATES) 16 OZ.	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Sudden release of pressure hazard

Water (7732-18-5)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

2-Aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard

Ammonium Hydroxide, Aqueous Solution, Conc=25% (1336-21-6)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb

2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Fire hazard
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %

Polymer Latex (Proprietary)
Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Ethanol (64-17-5)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

LUCAS TIRE INFLATOR (SEALS & INFLATES) 16 OZ.	
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas

Water (7732-18-5)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

2-Aminoethanol (141-43-5)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Ammonium Hydroxide, Aqueous Solution, Conc=25% (1336-21-6)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid

Polymer Latex (Proprietary)

Ethanol (64-17-5)

EU-Regulations

2-Aminoethanol (141-43-5)

Ammonium Hydroxide, Aqueous Solution, Conc=25% (1336-21-6)

2-Propanol (67-63-0)

Polymer Latex (Proprietary)

Ethanol (64-17-5)

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Not classified

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

15.2.2. National regulations

2-Aminoethanol (141-43-5)

Ammonium Hydroxide, Aqueous Solution, Conc=25% (1336-21-6)

2-Propanol (67-63-0)

Polymer Latex (Proprietary)

Not listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)/NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

Ethanol (64-17-5)

Not listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)/NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

15.3. US State regulations

LUCAS TIRE INFLATOR (SEALS & INFLATES) 16 OZ.()	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S. - California - Proposition 65

Water (7732-18-5)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

2-Aminoethanol (141-43-5)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Ammonium Hydroxide, Aqueous Solution, Conc=25% (1336-21-6)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

2-Propanol (67-63-0)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Polymer Latex (Proprietary)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Ethanol (64-17-5)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	Yes	No	No	

1234ZE - Solstice Propellant (29118-24-9)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

R152 (1,1-difluoroethane) (75-37-6)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

2-Aminoethanol (141-43-5)

State or local regulations

U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. – New York City – Right to Know Hazardous Substances List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Ammonium Hydroxide, Aqueous Solution, Conc=25% (1336-21-6)

State or local regulations

U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - New Jersey - TCPA - Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances (EHS)
U.S. – New York City – Right to Know Hazardous Substances List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

2-Propanol (67-63-0)

State or local regulations

U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. – New York City – Right to Know Hazardous Substances List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Ethanol (64-17-5)

State or local regulations

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. – New York City – Right to Know Hazardous Substances List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

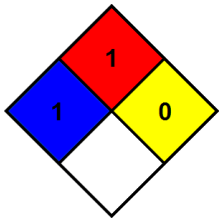
SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases:

H220	Extremely flammable gas
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H320	Causes eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life

NFPA health hazard	:	1 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause significant irritation.
NFPA fire hazard	:	1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can occur.
NFPA reactivity	:	0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



Hazard Rating

Health	:	1 Slight Hazard - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible
Flammability	:	1 Slight Hazard
Physical	:	1 Slight Hazard
Personal protection	:	B