Emissions Clear

Safety Data Sheet

according to 29 CFR § 1910.1200, Hazard Communication Standard (HCS)
Issue date: 4/14/2025 Revision date: 11/14/2025 Supersedes: 7/1/2025 Version: 3.0

SECTION 1 Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Product name : Emissions Clear
Part Number : 10715

1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Fuel additives
Recommended use : Fuel additives
Restrictions on use : No additional information available

1.4. Supplier's details

Lucas Oil Products, Inc.
3199 Harrison Way NW
Corydon, IN 47112
USA
T 800-342-2512
sds@lucasoil.com - www.LucasOil.com

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : For Chemical Emergency Call ChemTel 24hr/day 7days/week
Within USA, Canada, Puerto Rico and US Virgin Islands: 1-800-255-3924
International: 1-813-248-0585
(collect calls accepted)

SECTION 2 Hazard Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Flammable liquid, Category 4	H227	Combustible liquid.
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Reproductive toxicity, Category 2	H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Aspiration hazard, Category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :

Signal word (GHS US) : Danger
Hazard statements (GHS US) : H227 - Combustible liquid
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315 - Causes skin irritation

Precautionary statements (GHS US)	:	H318 - Causes serious eye damage H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. P280 - Wear protective gloves. P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor. P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor. P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label). P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting. P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place. P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents and/or container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulations.

2.3. Hazards associated with known or reasonably anticipated uses

No additional information available

2.4. Hazards not otherwise classified

No additional information available

2.5. Unknown acute toxicity

No additional information available

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	CAS-No.: 64742-47-8	60 - 80*	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Hexylene glycol	CAS-No.: 107-41-5	15 - 40*	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 2, H361
Monoalkylaryl alkoxylate aminated	CAS-No.: Undisclosed	7 - 13*	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318

*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret
Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4 First aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures general : If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Call a physician immediately.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if necessary. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash skin with plenty of water and soap. Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately rinse with water for a prolonged period while holding the eyelids wide open. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician immediately.

First-aid measures after ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do not induce vomiting/risk of damage to lungs exceeds poisoning risk. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

Personal protection for first-aid responders. : First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Loss of coordination.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Redness. Itching. Irritation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Blurred vision. redness, itching, tears. Serious damage to eyes.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Swallowing the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis. Ingestion may cause nausea and vomiting. Abdominal pain. Risk of lung edema.

Chronic symptoms : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Heating will cause a rise in pressure with a risk of bursting. Combustible liquid.

Explosion hazard : No direct explosion hazard.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Evacuate area. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Fight fire from safe distance and protected location. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage.

For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Remove ignition sources. Collect spillage. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Stop leak, if possible without risk.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without personal risk. Take up liquid spill into absorbent material, e.g.: powdered limestone or sand, earth, vermiculite. Place in a suitable container for disposal in accordance with the waste regulations (see Section 13). Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Use non-sparking tools. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Wear personal protective equipment. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

Additional hazards when processed : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities

Technical measures : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Storage conditions : Keep only in original container. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Incompatible materials : Direct sunlight. Heat sources. Sources of ignition.

Packaging materials : Always store product in container of same material as original container.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Hexylene glycol (107-41-5)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hexylene glycol
ACGIH® TLV® TWA	25 ppm (Vapor fraction)
ACGIH® TLV® STEL	10 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction, Aerosol only)
	50 ppm (Vapor fraction)
Remark (ACGIH®)	TLV® Basis: Eye & URT irr
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025
USA - Cal/OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hexylene glycol
Cal/OSHA C	125 mg/m³
	25 ppm
Regulatory reference	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) - Permissible Exposure Limit for Chemical Contaminants (Table AC-1)

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available). Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:
Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Hand protection:
Protective gloves

Eye protection:
Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Safety glasses

Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:
[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Color	:	No data available
Odor	:	No data available
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point	:	Not applicable
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	No data available
Flash point	:	163 °F
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20°C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	0.853
Density	:	7.122 lb/gal
Solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	3.76 mm²/s @ 40 ° C
Explosion limits	:	No data available
Particle characteristics	:	Particle size : Not Applicable

9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

No additional information available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agent.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified

Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified

Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method)
LD50 oral	15000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5.28 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% CL: 0,42 -
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	> 5.2 mg/l Source: IUCLID
ATE US (oral)	15000 mg/kg body weight

Hexylene glycol (107-41-5)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 420: Acute Oral toxicity – Acute Toxic Class Method, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 15 day(s))
LD50 oral	3680 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 15 day(s))
LD50 dermal	7900 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 55 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 8 h, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	3680 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	7900 mg/kg body weight

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	≥ 3000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 415 [One-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study (before 9 October 2017)]

STOT-single exposure : Not classified

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	750 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEL (dermal,rat/rabbit,90 days)	≥ 495 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)

Hexylene glycol (107-41-5)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	450 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)

Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Emissions Clear	
Viscosity, kinematic	3.76 mm²/s @ 40 ° C
Hexylene glycol (107-41-5)	
Viscosity, kinematic	Not determined
Monoalkylaryl alkoxylate aminated (Undisclosed)	
Viscosity, kinematic	7 mm²/s

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Loss of coordination.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Redness. Itching. Irritation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Blurred vision. redness, itching, tears. Serious damage to eyes.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Swallowing the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis. Ingestion may cause nausea and vomiting. Abdominal pain. Risk of lung edema.

Chronic symptoms : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

SECTION 12 Ecological information

12.1. Ecotoxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term (acute) : Not classified

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term (chronic) : Not classified

Hexylene glycol (107-41-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	9450 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	5410 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 202, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 429 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Growth rate)
ErC50 algae	> 429 mg/l Source: EHCA

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Emissions Clear	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability in water: no data available.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
Hexylene glycol (107-41-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.02 g O_2/g substance

Hexylene glycol (107-41-5)	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.2 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	2.3 g O_2/g substance

Monoalkylaryl alkoxylate aminated (Undisclosed)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Emissions Clear	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available concerning bioaccumulation.

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.3 – 6 Source: IUCLID

Hexylene glycol (107-41-5)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.58 (QSAR, KOWWIN)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

12.4. Mobility in soil

Emissions Clear	
Ecology - soil	No additional information available.

Hexylene glycol (107-41-5)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0 (log Koc, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified
Fluorinated greenhouse gases : No

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Regional waste regulation : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Sewage disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Additional information : Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14 Transport information

In accordance with DOT / TDG / IMDG / IATA

DOT	TDG	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number			
NA1993	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated

DOT	TDG	IMDG	IATA
14.2. Proper Shipping Name			
Combustible liquid, n.o.s.(Petroleum Distillates)	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)			
Combustible liquid	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.4. Packing group			
III	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.5. Environmental hazards			
Dangerous for the environment: No	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
No supplementary information available			

14.6. Transport in bulk

Not applicable

14.7. Special precautions for user

DOT

UN-No. (DOT) : NA1993

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : 148 - Except for transportation by aircraft, when transported as a limited quantity or a consumer commodity, the maximum net capacity specified in §173.150(b)(2) of this subchapter for inner packaging may be increased to 5 L (1.3 gallons).
IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).
T1 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(2)
TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 203

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 241

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 60 L

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 220 L

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed ‘‘on deck’’ or ‘‘under deck’’ on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

TDG

Not regulated

IMDG

Not regulated

IATA

Not regulated

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

15.1. Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, except for:

Monoalkylaryl alkoxylate aminated	CAS-No. Undisclosed	7 - 13*%

This product or mixture is not known to contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Hexylene glycol (107-41-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Hexylene glycol (107-41-5)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. State regulations

WARNING: This product can expose you to Furan, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16 Other information

according to 29 CFR § 1910.1200, Hazard Communication Standard (HCS)

Revision date : 11/14/2025

Issue date : 4/14/2025

Data sources : Supplier's safety documents.

Training advice : Training staff on good practice.

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements	
H227	Combustible liquid
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

Abbreviations and acronyms	
ACGIH	American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BLV	Biological limit value
BOD	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)
CAS-No.	Chemical Abstract Service number
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
COD	Chemical oxygen demand (COD)
CSA	Chemical safety assessment
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC-No.	European Community number
EC50	Median effective concentration
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EN	European Standard
EWC	European waste catalogue
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Median lethal concentration
LD50	Median lethal dose
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
Log Kow	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)
Log Pow	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)
MAK	maximum workplace concentration
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
N.O.S.	Not Otherwise Specified
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

Abbreviations and acronyms	
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
OSHA	Occupational Safety & Health Administration
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
PPE	Personal protection equipment
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
TF	Technical function
ThOD	Theoretical oxygen demand (ThOD)
TLM	Median Tolerance Limit
TWA	Time Weighted Average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
UFI	Unique Formula Identifier

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.